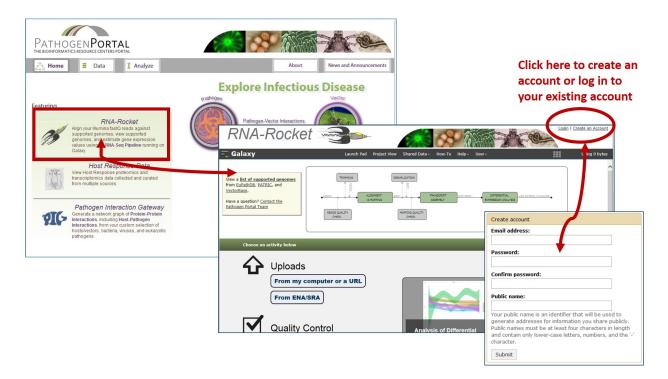
Mapping RNA sequence data Part 1: RNA-Rocket RNAseq pipeline

The goal of this exercise is to retrieve an RNA-seq dataset in FASTQ format and run it through an RNA-sequence analysis pipeline. We will be using Pathogen Portal's RNA-Rocket which includes a workflow for mapping RNA-Seq reads to a reference genome, using this mapping to assemble transcripts, mapping transcripts to existing annotations, and determining expression levels. The mapping workflow uses two algorithms, TopHat for aligning reads and Cufflinks for transcript prediction and calculating expression levels. The input required is FASTQ files and the outputs are read alignments (BAM Files), tab delimited assembly and expression files for known genes, isoforms and novel transcripts.

1. Create an account on RNA Rocket

- a. Go to http://pathogenportal.org
- **b.** Click on RNA Rocket
- **c.** Click on Create an Account and fill in the required information.



- 2. Upload the RNA sequencing reads to your RNA Rocket launch pad. RNA Rocket allows you to directly retrieve FASTQ files of the sequencing reads using SRA accession numbers.
- **a. Background:** This exercise will rely on data deposited in the sequence read archive (SRA). The data is based on transcriptomic analysis of three developmental stages of *Plasmodium falciparum*:
 - 1. Salivary gland sporozoites
 - 2. Cultured sporozoites, and
 - 3. Cultured asexual stages.

Each developmental stage was assayed by RNA sequencing (2 replicates per sample). The **study accession number for this data on SRA is SRP033414** and additional information about this experiment may be obtained from GEO:

http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/geo/query/acc.cgi?acc=GSE52867

Examining the information available in GEO and under the SRA accession numbers you will notice that this data is paired end. So for each sample there should be two files one for each of the pairs. More information for each sequencing run can be found at:

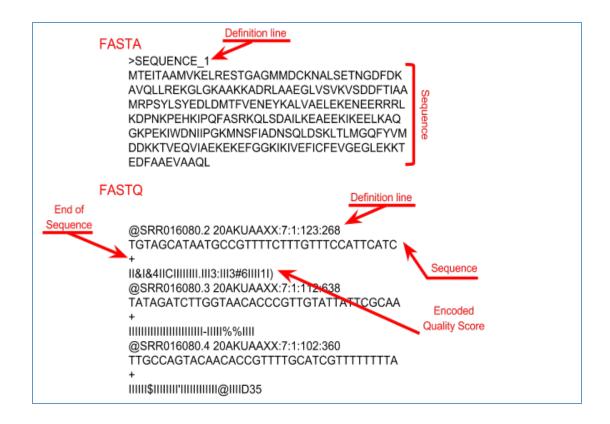
Salivary gland sporozoites sample 1: http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/sra/SRX385640 Salivary gland sporozoites sample 2: http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/sra/SRX385641

Cultured sporozoites sample 1: http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/sra/SRX385642
Cultured sporozoites sample 2: http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/sra/SRX385642

Asexual stage parasites sample 1: http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/sra/SRX385644
Asexual stage parasites sample 2: http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/sra/SRX385644

The required input file for RNA Rocket's analysis pipeline is a FASTQ file, a text file (similar to FASTA) that includes sequence quality information and details in addition to the sequence (ie. name, quality scores, sequencing machine ID, lane number etc.). FASTQ files are large and as a result not all sequencing repositories will store this format. However, tools are available to convert, for example, NCBI's SRA format to FASTQ. Sequence data is housed in three repositories that are synchronized on a regular basis.

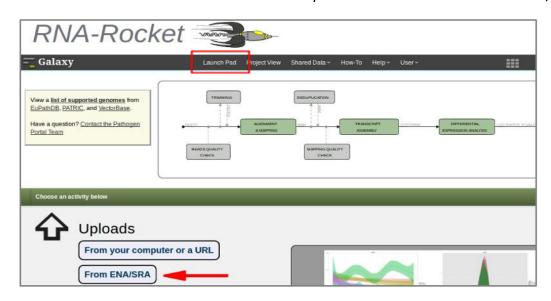
- The sequence read archive at GenBank
- The European Nucleotide Archive at EMBL
- The DNA data bank of Japan



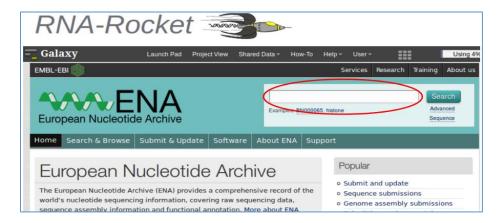
b. Upload data into your Launchpad.

Note: During this exercise you will <u>NOT</u> download any data to your computer. Instead you will be providing information to enable transferring data from ENA/SRA to RNA-Rocket.

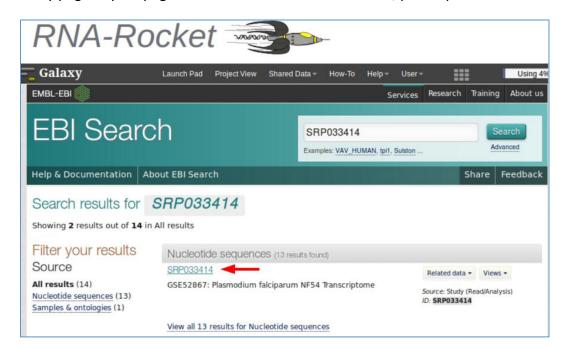
i. Click on the "Launch Pad" link in the Galaxy menu bar. Then select "From ENA/SRA".



- ii. On the next page, notice the instructions to use the *global search* on the ENA site. Click on continue.
- iii. Cut and paste the **study accession number (SRP033414)** into the search box (see red circle below). Click on the search icon.

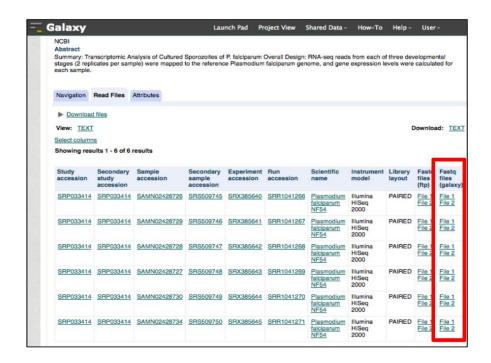


iii. Depending on RNA-rocket's configuration you may be taken to the EBI search results page where you will need to click on the Study link ID in order to get to the study page. If your page looks like the second screen shot, please proceed to iv.

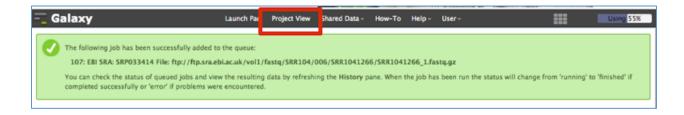




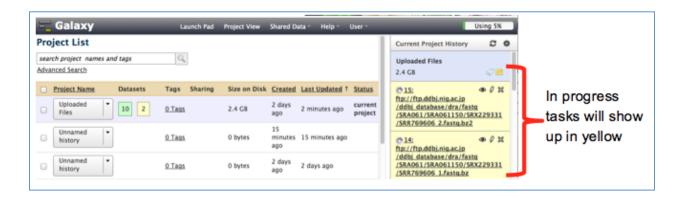
iv. Click on the link for File 1 in the column called "Fastq files (galaxy)" for the sample assigned to your group, then click on the back button on your browser and click on the link for File 2 from the same sample. This will begin the file transfer to RNA-Rocket. You may need to scroll down to see the Read Files tab which contains the Fastq files (galaxy) column that you need. You will need to get 2 files, one for each file generated by the paired end sequencing.

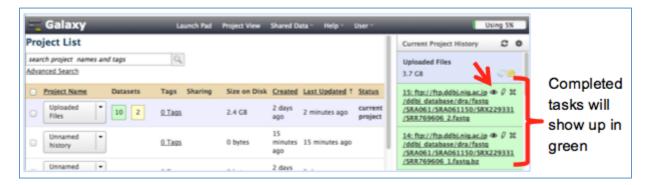


You should now see a window that looks similar to this:

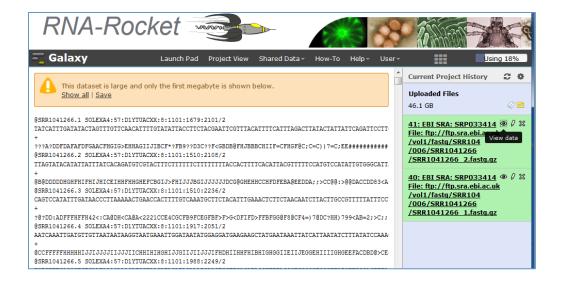


To view the progress of your upload, click on "Project View" (red square in image above).





You can inspect the contents of completed tasks (like uploaded files) by clicking on the eye icon next to the name of the file (arrow in above image). Inspecting a FASTQ file should look like this:

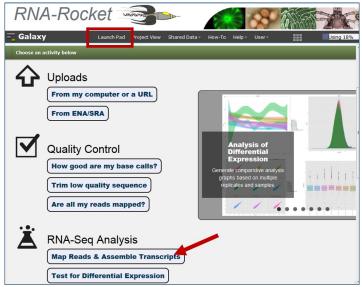


- **c.** Configure and initiate the RNA sequence analysis pipeline.
 - i. **Background:** Pathogen portal uses two algorithms for mapping (TopHat) and transcript prediction and expression value calculation (Cufflinks). Note that there are many algorithms and methods for RNA-seq mapping and analysis each with its advantages and disadvantages. You are encouraged to learn more about the algorithm you are using.

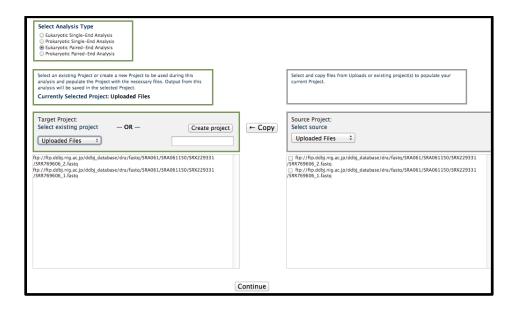
o TopHat: http://tophat.cbcb.umd.edu/

O Cufflinks: http://cufflinks.cbcb.umd.edu/index.html

ii. Navigate to the workflow. Click on the "Launch Pad" link in the upper menu bar. On the next page, scroll down to the "RNA-Seq Analysis" section and click on "Map Reads & Assemble Transcripts".



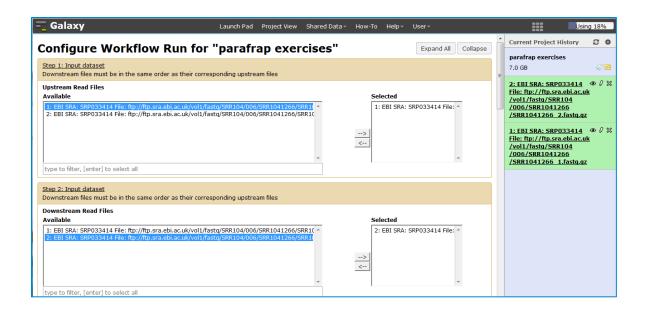
- **Select Analysis Type.** On the next page, scroll down and choose Eukaryotic Paired-End Analysis under Select Analysis TypeWe are analyzing a paired end eukaryotic sample.
- iv. Select the target project from the drop down menu. You should only have one or two projects one of which will contain both FASTQ files you uploaded (probably called "Uploaded Files"). Once you select the correct project you should see the two FASTQ files contained within it. Next click on continue.



v. Configure the pipeline. The pipeline consists of 7 steps.

<u>Step1: Input dataset</u> – Select the upstream read file (ends in _1) and click on the arrow to move it to the "Selected" window.

<u>Step2: Input dataset</u> – Select the downstream read file (ends in _2) and click on the arrow to move it to the "Selected" window.



Step3: TopHat2 – Under Select a reference genome choose *Plasmodium falciparum* 3D7. There are a number of options that may be modified, however, for the purposes of this exercise the default parameters may be used.

Step4: Cufflinks — Set the Maximum Intron Length (-I): 5000. The reference annotation should be automatically

selected: Plasmodium falciparum 3D7

Select how to use the provided annotation: Assemble Novel + annotated transcripts.



Once again there are a number of options to modify but we only need to change the maximum Intron Length.

Step 5: BAM to BigWig – No change needed Step 6: BAM to BigWig – No change needed

Step 7: Create a BedGraph of genome coverage - No change needed

Click on the Run Workflow button.

After you start the workflow you should get a confirmation window listing all the steps that have been added to the queue. The progress of your workflow can be viewed to the right. Completed tasks are in green, running tasks are in yellow and tasks waiting in the queue are in grey. The workflow will run overnight and we will view the results and calculate differential expression in a subsequent exercise.

