

Interpreting RNAseq Mapping results

(Part 2: Loading data from *RNA-Rocket* in the Genome Browser)

For this exercise we will be using:

<http://rnaseq.pathogenportal.org/>

<http://plasmodb.org>

1. Explore the results of the RNA-sequence pipeline.

What files were generated? To view contents of any of the results, click on the eye icon () next to the file name.

!!! important note – do not click on the icon next to the file called “Tophat2 on data 1 and data 3: accepted_hits” – this file is huge and will not display but rather will download the contents to your computer.

a. TopHat in RNA-Rocket generates five files:

- *Align_summary*: this includes a summary of how the alignment went (ie. the number of reads that were aligned).
- *Insertions*: reported insertions.
- *Deletions*: reported deletions.
- *Splice junctions*: reported junctions. Each junction consists of two connected BED blocks, where each block is as long as the maximal overhang of any read spanning the junction. The score is the number of alignments spanning the junction.
- *Accepted hits*: BAM file (binary alignment map). Note that many alignment programs will generate a file called a SAM file (sequence alignment map) which is a table including text of the alignment and mapping. However, for viewing results in a sequence browser like GBrowse, the file needs to be converted into the binary formatted (BAM) – you do not have to worry about this for this exercise.

14: Tophat2 on data 2 and data 1: accepted hits (Genome Coverage BedGraph)   
13: Tophat2 on data 2 and data 1: accepted hits (- BigWig)   
12: Tophat2 on data 2 and data 1: accepted hits (+ BigWig)   
10: Cufflinks on data 7: assembled transcripts   
9: Cufflinks on data 7: transcript expression   
8: Cufflinks on data 7: gene expression   
7: Tophat2 on data 2 and data 1: accepted hits   
6: Tophat2 on data 2 and data 1: splice junctions   
5: Tophat2 on data 2 and data 1: deletions   
4: Tophat2 on data 2 and data 1: insertions   
3: Tophat2 on data 2 and data 1: align_summary   
2: EBI SRA: SRX129648 File: ftp://ftp.sra.ebi.ac.uk/vol1/fastq/SRR445/SRR445171/SRR445171_2.fast   

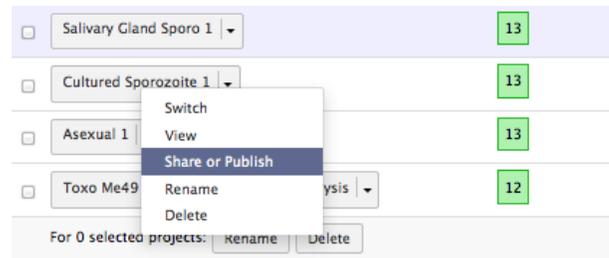
b. Cufflinks generates three files: *gene expression*, *transcript expression* and *assembled transcripts*. The gene expression and transcript expression files for our purposes should be identical since EuPathDB genomes do not have separate genes and transcripts. These files include the FPKM values (Fragments Per Kilobase of transcript per Million mapped reads) for each gene in the genome analyzed – in this case *Giardia* assemblages.

Additional files include files of the format BigWig and BedGraph. You can read more about these file formats here:

<http://genome.ucsc.edu/goldenPath/help/bigWig.html>

In a nutshell, these are file formats created from large binary files like BAM files and makes it possible to load these data in a genome browser.

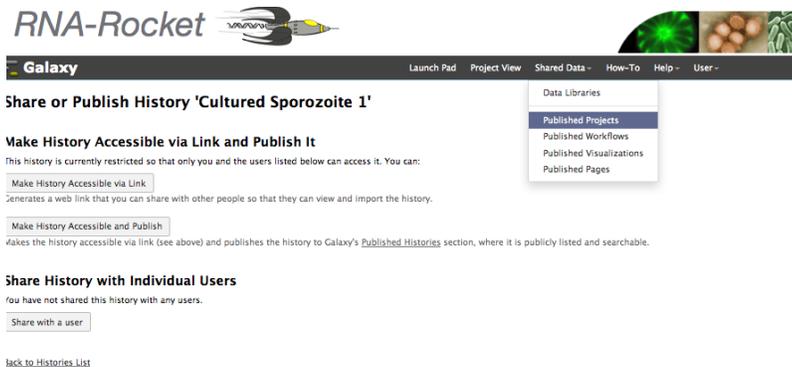
Note: to share your data with the rest of the workshop, select “*Share or Publish*” from the drop down menu on project you want to share. On the next page click



Project Results can be accessed via the "Project" panel to the right.

on “*Make History Accessible and Publish*”.

To import a history, select *Published Projects* from the Shared data menu item. Select the project you want to import then click on import history in the upper right hand side of the screen.



2. Load your BAM data (accepted hits) into GBrowse.

Click on your “Tophat2 on data 2 and data 1: accepted_hits” in your project history panel. This will show you information about the file including a link to display data in PlasmoDB – click on the link.

3. Load the assembled transcript data.

Essentially use a similar procedure as above. Wait a couple of minutes for GBrowse to load your data.

14: [Tophat2 on data 1 and data 2: accepted hits \(Genome Coverage BedGraph\)](#)

13: [Tophat2 on data 1 and data 2: accepted hits \(- BigWig\)](#)

12: [Tophat2 on data 1 and data 2: accepted hits \(+ BigWig\)](#)

10: [Cufflinks on data 7: assembled transcripts](#)

9: [Cufflinks on data 7: transcript expression](#)

8: [Cufflinks on data 7: gene expression](#)

7: [Tophat2 on data 1 and data 2: accepted hits](#)
1.5 GB
format: bam, database: pfa13D7
Log: tool progress Log: tool progress
[2014-06-14 08:55:03] Beginning TopHat run (v2.0.10)

----- [2014-06-14 08:55:03] Checking for Bowtie Bowtie version: 2.1.0.0 [2014-06-14 08:55:03] Checking for Samtools

display at EupathDB [plasmodb](#)
Binary bam alignments file

6: [Tophat2 on data 1 and data 2: splice junctions](#)

5: [Tophat2 on data 1 and](#)

Brower | Select Tracks | Snapshots | Custom Tracks | Preferences

Search
 Landmark or Region : M76611 Search
 Annotate Restriction Sites | Configure... | Go
 Save Snapshot | Load Snapshot

Examples : PF3D7_11_v3:1205700..1305700, AABLO1000674:7300..57600.

Data Source
 PlasmoDB GBrowse v2.48
 ScrollZoom: Show 31 bp Flip

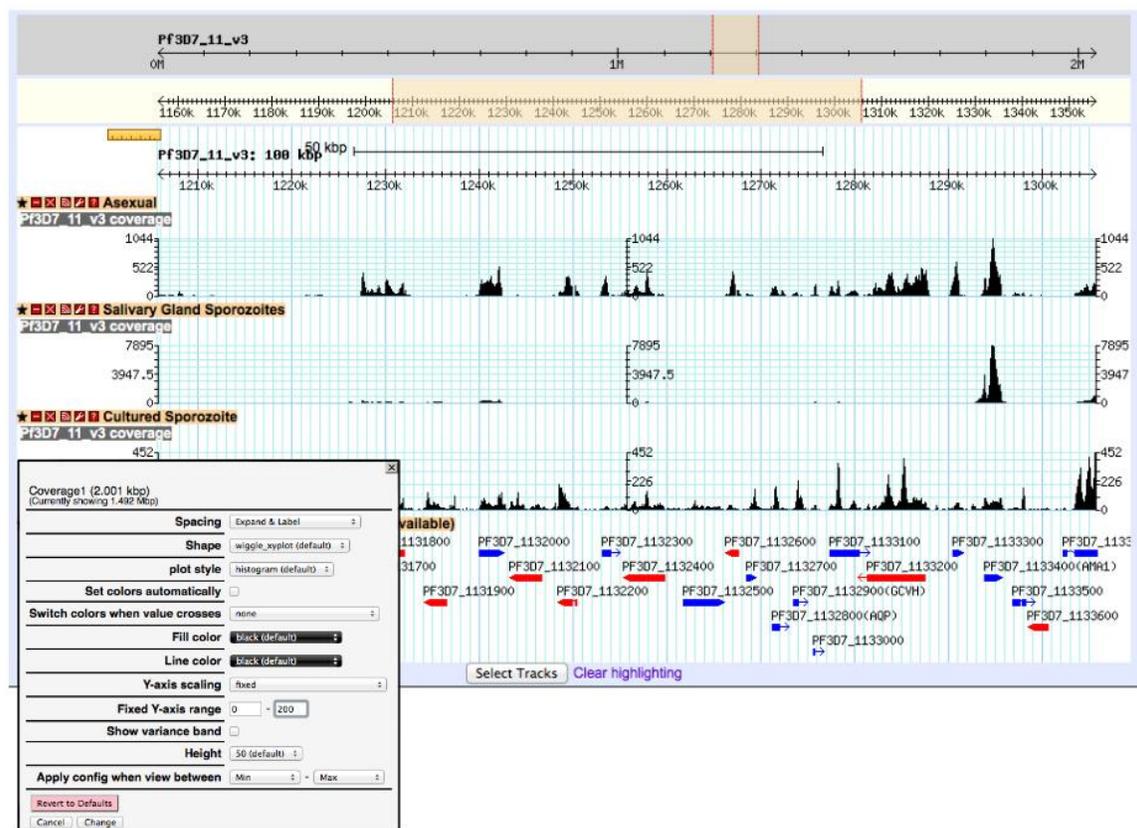
The following 26 regions match your request.



The default region is not that useful so click on the example landmark

Name	Type	Description	Position	Match Score
Pf_M7661100100	gene.annotation		PIIT_mito_v3:1550..1580	n/a
Pf_M7661100200	gene.annotation		PIIT_mito_v3:1581..1618	n/a
Pf_M7661100300	gene.annotation		PIIT_mito_v3:1619..1672	n/a
Pf_M7661100400	gene.annotation		PIIT_mito_v3:1673..1712	n/a
Pf_M7661100500	gene.annotation		PIIT_mito_v3:1751..1773	n/a
Pf_M7661100600	gene.annotation		PIIT_mito_v3:1830..1936	n/a
Pf_M7661100700	gene.annotation		PIIT_mito_v3:1937..2052	n/a

Once data has been loaded, you can configure the track display settings. For example, you can adjust the Y-axis scaling to a fixed axis.



PF3D7_11_v3

PF3D7_11_v3: 108 kbp

PF3D7_11_v3 coverage

PF3D7_11_v3 coverage

PF3D7_11_v3 coverage

Coverage1 (2,001 kbp)
 (Currently showing 1,492 kbp)

Spacing: Expand & Label

Shape: wiggle_xyplot (default)

plot style: histogram (default)

Set colors automatically:

Switch colors when value crosses: none

Fill color: Black (default)

Line color: Black (default)

Y-axis scaling: fixed

Fixed Y-axis range: 0 - 200

Show variance band:

Height: 50 (default)

Apply config when view between: Min - Max

Revert to Defaults | Cancel | Change

PF3D7_1131800 PF3D7_1132000 PF3D7_1132300 PF3D7_1132600 PF3D7_1133100 PF3D7_1133300 PF3D7_1133500

PF3D7_1131900 PF3D7_1132100 PF3D7_1132400 PF3D7_1132700 PF3D7_1133200 PF3D7_1133400 (AMP1)

PF3D7_1132500 PF3D7_1132900 (GCVH) PF3D7_1133000

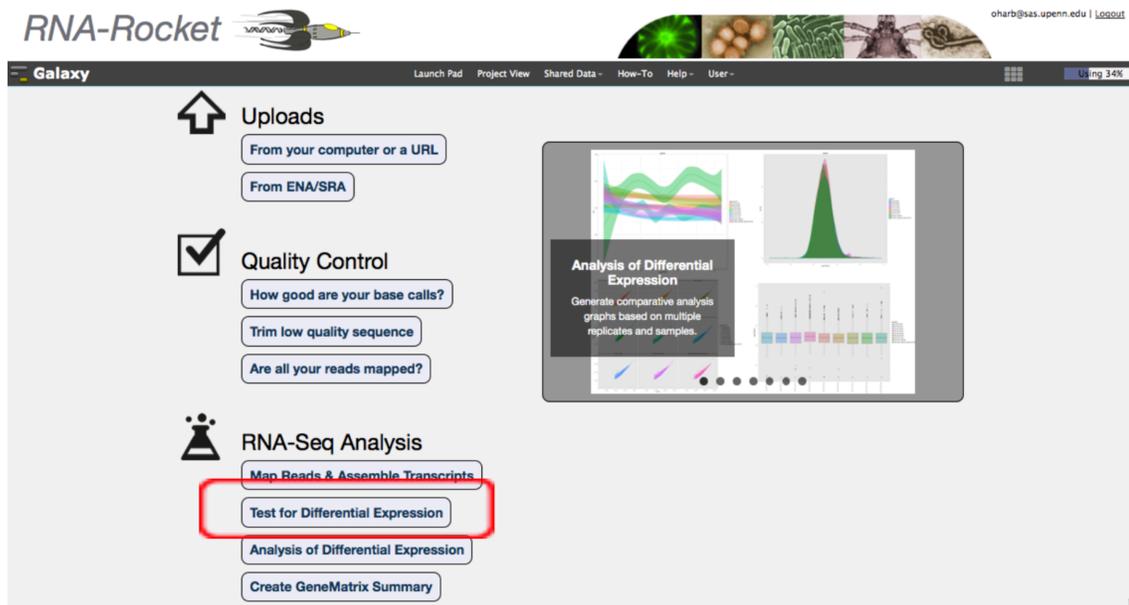
Select Tracks | Clear highlighting

4. Find genes with significant differences in expression based on two of the samples you analyzed.

Cufflinks.cuffdiff finds significant changes in transcript expression, splicing, and promoter use. The Cufflinks.cuffdiff module takes a GTF file of transcripts as input, along with two or more SAM or BAM files containing the fragment alignments for two or more samples.

Cufflinks.cuffdiff produces a number of output files that contain test results for changes in expression at the level of transcripts, primary transcripts, and genes. It also tracks changes in the relative abundance of transcripts sharing a common transcription start site, and in the relative abundances of the primary transcripts of each gene. Tracking the former shows changes in splicing, and the latter shows changes in relative promoter use within a gene.

- a. Go back to the launch pad and select the “Test for Differential Expression” option.



- b. On the next page create a new project - you can call it whatever you want (diff. expression, for example). Type the name in the box then click on “Create Project”. Next, select the project you just created from the drop down menu called “Target Project: Select existing project”.
- c. The next step is to copy over two BAM files from your TopHat output. Select the BAM file from each of your two projects and

Differential Expression Analysis

Purpose:
Determine if assembled transcripts are significantly differentially expressed between RNA-Seq Samples.

Required Input:
BAM files from mapping reads to the Pathogen Portal provided genome

Output:
Tab delimited files tracking which genes are differentially expressed between sample pairs.

Select an existing Project or create a new Project to be used during this analysis and populate the Project with the necessary files. Output from this analysis will be saved in the selected Project.

Currently Selected Project: None Selected

Target Project:
Select existing project — OR — Create project
diff. expression

← Copy

Select and copy files from Uploads or existing project(s) to populate your Target Project.

Copy-Source:
Select source
Imported: Asexua

- Cufflinks (karyotic on data 29: total map mass
- SRX1041266_1.fastq.gz
- SRX1041266_2.fastq.gz
- SRX1041267_1.fastq.gz
- SRX1041267_2.fastq.gz
- SRX1041268_1.fastq.gz
- SRX1041268_2.fastq.gz

click on “copy” to copy them into the “diff. expression” project.

Differential Expression Analysis

Purpose:
Determine if assembled transcripts are significantly differentially expressed between RNA-Seq Samples.

Required Input:
BAM files from mapping reads to the Pathogen Portal provided genome

Output:
Tab delimited files tracking which genes are differentially expressed between sample pairs.

Select an existing Project or create a new Project to be used during this analysis and populate the Project with the necessary files. Output from this analysis will be saved in the selected Project.

Currently Selected Project: diff. expression

Target Project:
Select existing project — OR — Create project
diff. expression

← Copy

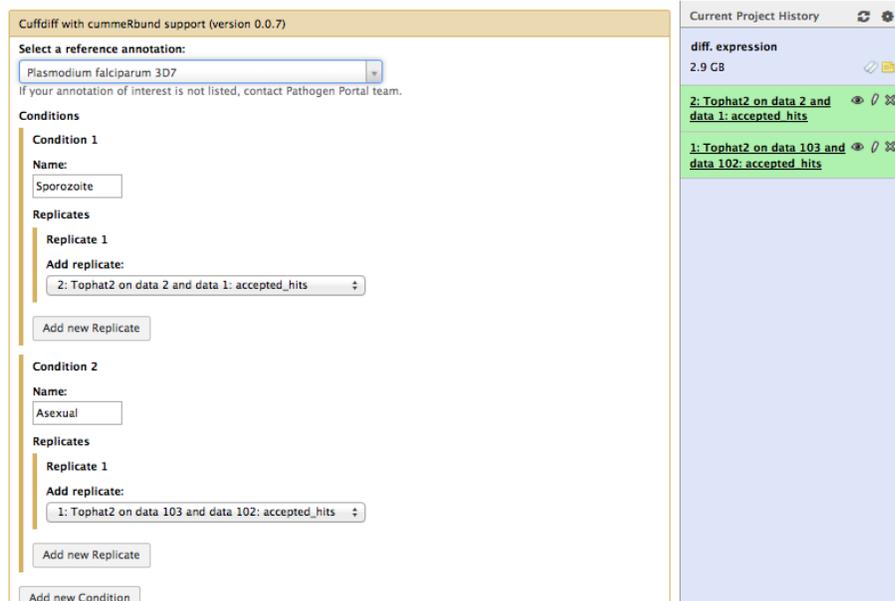
Select and copy files from Uploads or existing project(s) to populate your Target Project.

Copy-Source:
Select source
Imported: salivan

- SRX1041267_1.fastq.gz
- SRX1041267_2.fastq.gz
- TopHat2 on data 2 and data 1: align_summary
- TopHat2 on data 2 and data 1: insertions
- TopHat2 on data 2 and data 1: deletions
- TopHat2 on data 2 and data 1: splice junctions
- TopHat2 on data 2 and data 1: accepted_hits
- Cufflinks on data 2: gene expression
- Cufflinks on data 2: transcript expression
- Cufflinks on data 2: assembled transcripts
- Cufflinks on data 2: total map mass
- TopHat2 on data 2 and data 1: accepted_hits (- BigWig)
- TopHat2 on data 2 and data 1: accepted_hits (- BigWig)

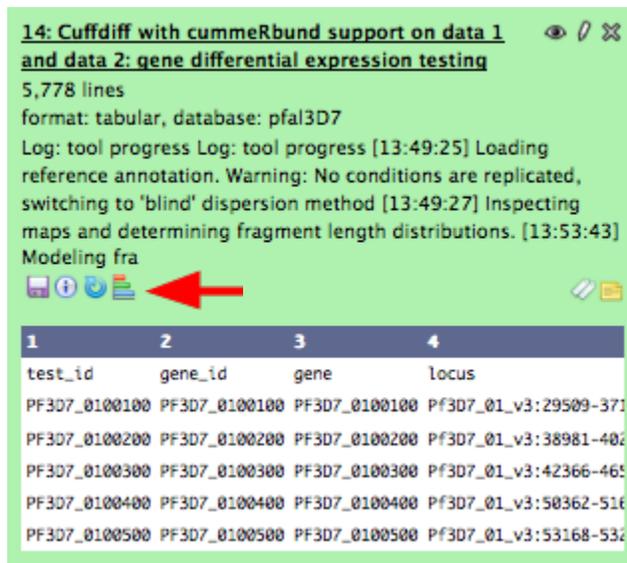
Hint: the BAM file is the one that ends in “accepted_hits”.

- d. Click on continue and configure the Cuffdiff parameters on the next page.



- i. Select the reference annotation, in the case *Plasmodium falciparum* 3D7.
- ii. There are two conditions that we are analyzing - for example, the asexual sample and the salivary gland sporozoites. Provide a useful name for each condition and select the replicate from the drop down menu (these are the BAM files that you copied over).
- iii. We will keep the rest of the parameters the same for the purposes of this exercise.
- iv. Click on execute.

Note that Cuffdiff will generate ~15 output files. In our case we are only going to be concerned with the file that contains differential expression analysis at the gene level. This file is called: “Cuffdiff with cummeRbund support on data 1 and data 2: gene differential expression testing”. This is a tabular file that includes many columns such as gene IDs,



expression values for each of the samples, fold-change and significance. You can click on the 'eye' icon to view the results. Alternatively you can click on the "visualize icon to graph a scatter plot of your results.

Scatterplot of 'Cuffdiff with cummeRbund support on data 1 and data 2: gene differential expression testing'

Log: tool progress Log: tool progress [13:49:25] Loading reference annotation. Warning: No conditions are replicated, switching to 'blind' dispersion method [13:49:27] Inspecting maps and determining fragment length distributions. [13:53:43] Modeling fra

This tab will display the chart

[Data Controls](#) [Chart Controls](#) [Statistics](#) [Chart](#)

